

APL+WebComponent (Part 1)

Deploy your APL+Win Application on the Web

Download & Install the APL2000.TTF font (41K) to see APL characters in this page

Download the Sample DEMO.W3 workspace

Load this article sample APL application in your browser and play with it! (please be patient: this may take up to 30 seconds)

Introduction

Do you want to port your APL+Win application to the Web? Or do you want to write an APL+Win application which will be usable on the Web?

It is now feasable with the new APL2000 APL+WebComponent product.

What we mean by "deploying your APL+Win application to the Web" is that you'll make it run within the browser and that, once deployed on your Server, users from all around the world may start using it right away: all they will need to use it is a fast Internet connection and Internet Explorer!

The current White Paper includes 2 parts:

APL+WebComponent This is the page you are reading. This article is an Introduction to APL+WebComponent. It describes the basics in detail:

- · what software is required,
 - · how to install the required software,
 - how to get started,
 - the APL+Win Services Configuration Console,
 - · the JSaveSDK software
 - · how to build a very simple APL+Win application and to port it to the Web

so that you may create your first small APL+Win application and check how this system works.

(part 2)

APL+WebComponent This more advanced page shows you how to deploy on the Web a more complex APL+Win application . It includes:

- describing the Sample application
- · porting real life APL+Win applications to the Web
- the Client-Server paradigm
- · the RunAtServer function
- · the recommended development cycle
- · the Office Web Components Spreadsheet
- · analyzing the application
- debugging
- · publishing your application on a real Internet Server

Required Software

In order to use APL+WebComponent to deploy your APL+Win application to the Web, you will need the following software:

Windows 2000 Pro or Windows XP Pro (or Windows 2003

It should also be possible to use Windows 98, Me or NT but we have not tested APL+WebComponent on these

systems.

Internet Explorer 5 (or 6)

The latest version, the better

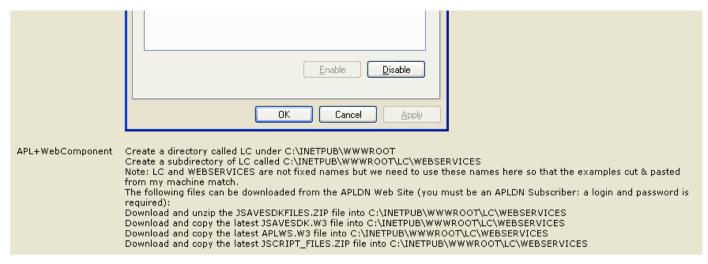
IIS Internet Information You may install IIS only if you run Windows 2000 Pro or Windows XP Pro. It is not available for Windows XP Home. To check if it is installed, click Start/Control Panel/Administrative Tools and check if Internet Information Services is Services (5 or 6) displayed. If not, you can install IIS by running Start/Control Panel/Add or Remove Programs/Add Remove Windows Components: check the Interrnet Information Services (IIS) check box and proceed. If not yet installed on your computer download the <u>Microsoft .Net Framework 1.1</u> now (free) (Note: if this link has changed start Google.com and search for: "Download Microsoft .Net Framework 1.1") Microsoft .Net Framework 1.1 APL+Win 5.0 Always best to run the latest version, but the one you have will do (to download the latest version you must be an APLDN Subscriber: a login and password is required) <u>APL+WebServices</u> APL+Web Services are part of APL+Win 5.0. However you will need the latest version as downloadable from the APL2000 Web Site (you must be an APLDN Subscriber: a login and password is required) APL+WebComponent are not part of APL+Win 5.0: the <u>latest version</u> of APL+WebComponent may be downloaded from the APL2000 Web Site (you must be an APLDN Subscriber: a login and password is required) APL+WebComponent Microsoft Office Web Only required for APL+WebComponent (part 2) article Components v11 (or v10) The <u>latest version</u> of this Microsoft spreadsheet object, made for the Web, can be downloaded from the Microsoft Web Site (Note: if this link has changed, start Google.com and search for: "owc11.exe" and "microsoft") Only required for APL+WebComponent (part 2) article and want to learn how to program the OWC Spreadsheet The <u>latest version</u> of this learning tool can be downloaded from the Microsoft Web Site. (Note: if this link has changed, start Google.com and search for: "Office Web Component Toolpack") <u> Microsoft Office Web</u> Components Toolpack

Note: most APL+Win 5.0 users should already have the required components installed except maybe the APL+WebComponent. The last 2 items in the list above are only required if you want to run the example workspace in <u>APL+WebComponent (part 2)</u>.

Installation

Here are special instructions about installing and configuring some of the above products:

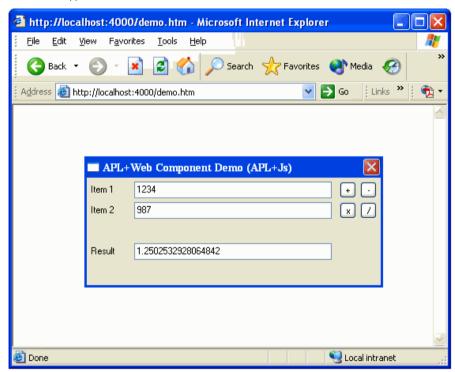
Even though you may have already installed APL+Win 5.0, you will need to register it as a COM Server. To do so, be sure to APL+Win 5.0 run the 2 following commands from Start/Run: regsvr32 "c:\aplwin50\aplwco.dll" c:\aplwin50\aplw.exe /regserver APL+WebServices Run the APLServicesSetup.msi installation Once the APL+Web Services are installed, check installation by clicking Start/Run/Services.msc: APLServices should appear in the list of installed services. You need to right click on APLServices, click on Properties and then on the Log On tab and check both the Local System Account radio button and the Allow service to interact with desktop check box. Click OK to finish. AplServices Properties (Local Computer) General Log On Recovery Dependencies Log on as: Local System account Allow service to interact with desktop <u>I</u>his account: Browse.. Password: Confirm password: You can enable or disable this service for the hardware profiles listed below: Hardware Profile Service Profile 1 Enabled



The Sample Application

We will write a very simple APL application and then publish it to the Web. While doing so we will explain in detail how to proceed.

Here is the sample application as it will appear in the browser :



This is a simple calculator capable of computing the 4 basic arithmetic operations on 2 numbers. It is made of a form containing 3 labels (Item 1, Item 2 and Result), 3 Edit controls and 4 buttons.

And here is all the code you need to write for this simple application:

```
▼ Main B;Z;op1;op2;res;op

[1]
[2]
                          :select B
                                        se''

A Build the interface

Z+'fmMain' [wi'Create' 'Form' ('border'1 16)' Hide'

Z+'fmMain' [wi'caption' ('APL+Web Component Demo (', [sysid,')')

Z+'fmMain. lOp1' [wi'Create' 'Label' ('where' (8 5 15 50+16 8 16 8)) ('caption' 'Item 1')

Z+'fmMain. edOp1' [wi'Create' 'Edit' ('where' (8 5 15 50+16 8 16 8)) ('text' '')

Z+'fmMain. edOp2' [wi'Create' 'Label' ('where' (3 4 5 15 50+16 8 16 8)) ('text' '')

Z+'fmMain. edOp2' [wi'Create' 'Edit' ('where' (3 1 60 21 250+16 8 16 8)) ('text' '')

Z+'fmMain. Res' [wi'Create' 'Label' ('where' (8 6 5 15 50+16 8 16 8)) ('text' '')

Z+'fmMain. edRes' [wi'Create' 'Label' ('where' (8 3 60 21 250+16 8 16 8)) ('text' '')

Z+'fmMain. bnAdd' [wi'Create' 'Button' ('where' (8 3 20 21 21+16 8 16 8)) ('text' '')

Z+'fmMain. bnSub' [wi'Create' 'Button' ('where' (5 346 21 21+16 8 16 8)) ('text' '') ('onClick' 'Main' bn. onClick'')

Z+'fmMain. bnTim' [wi'Create' 'Button' ('where' (3 1 320 21 21+16 8 16 8)) ('text' '') ('onClick' 'Main' bn. onClick'')

Z+'fmMain. bnDiv' [Dwi'Create' 'Button' ('where' (3 1 346 21 21+16 8 16 8)) ('textion' 'x') ('onClick' 'Main' bn. onClick'')

Z+'fmMain [wi'Size' ((83+21+5)(346+21+5)+16 8)

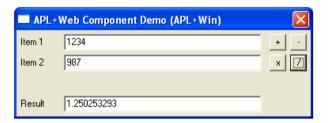
Z+'fmMain' [wi'Size' ((83+21+5)(346+21+5)+16 8)

Z+'fmMain' [wi'Size' ((83+21+5)(346+21+5)+16 8)

Z+'fmMain' [wi'Size' ((83+21+5)(346+21+5)+16 8)
 [3]
                           :case
[4]
[5]
[6]
 [7]
[8]
[9]
[10]
[11]
[12]
[13]
[14]
[15]
[16]
[17]
[18]
 [19]
                          :case'bn.onGlick
                                         A Buttons handler
op1+†□fi'fmMein.edOp1'□wi'text'
op2+†□fi'fmMein.edOp2'□wi'text'
op+†□wi'caption'
[20]
[21]
 [22]
 [23]
                                          :select op
:case'+' ⋄
:case'-' ⋄
F241
 [25]
                                                                                 ⋄ res+op1+op2
 [26]
                                                                                          res+op1-op2
                                           :case'x' ◇ res+opi×op2
:case'/' ◇ res+opi÷op2
  [27]
[28]
[29]
                                            :end
 [30]
                                                 fmMain.edRes'⊡wi'text'(⊕res)
 [31]
                          :end
[32]
```

If we called this application from the APL+Win Session, here is how it would look:

Main''



Notes about the APL code :

- 1. When an empty vector is passed as an argument to Main, then we fall into :case" and lines 4 to 18 are executed. These lines build the application interface.
- 2. When the user clicks one of the 4 buttons, the buttons handler Main'bn.onClick' is called. In order to keep the whole application within the scope of one APL function, we have embedded this handler within the Main function which we call with an argument of 'bn.onClick' and the code from line 20 to 30 gets executed. The caption of the clicked button is retrieved and we use the ;select ;case control structure to execute the right operation depending on the caption found

Step by step setup

Here is the step by step procedure you need to follow to deploy this simple APL application on the Web:

Preparing the workspace

- 1. Load the C:\INETPUB\WWWROOT\LC\WEBSERVICES\APLWS.W3 workspace
- 2. Rename it C:\INETPUB\WWWROOT\LC\WEBSERVICES\DEMO.W3
- 3. Copy the Main function displayed above into this workspace
- 4. Add an AutoStart function reading as follows:

```
▼ AutoStart
[i] Main''
▼
```

5. Set the workspace OLX to be AutoStart

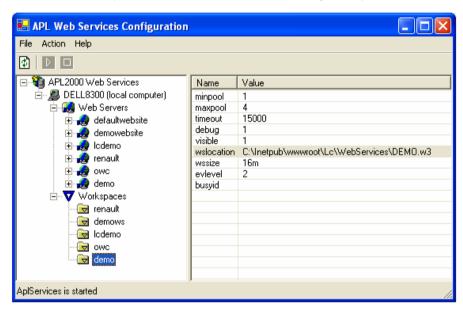
```
□1x+'AutoStart'
```

6. Save the workspace

Setting up the APL+WebService

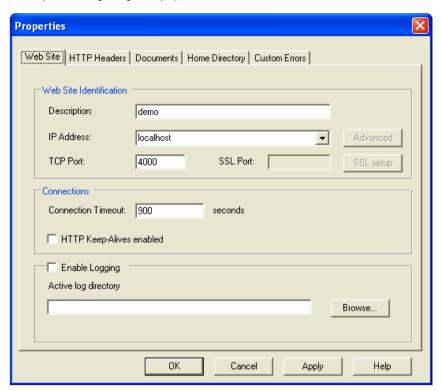
Next you need to configure an APL+Web Server for this application. Proceed as follows:

- 1. Click Start/All Programs/APL2000 Web Services/AWS Admin to start the APL Web Services Configuration console
- Right click on Workspaces and select New Workspace to add your application.
 A new workspace called defaultworkspace is created.
- 3. Right click this defaultworkspace, select Rename and rename it demo
- 4. Click the demo workspace and then set the various values in the right hand pane to match the ones in the following screen shot:

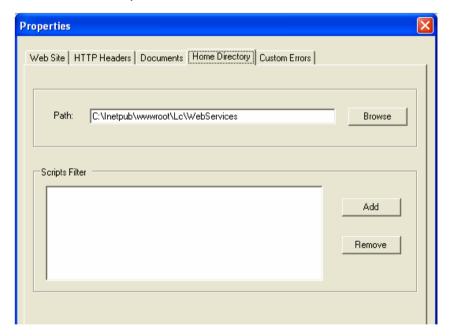


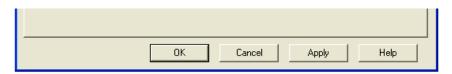
Note: as soon as you have defined the **wslocation** to be your DEMO.W3 workspace, an **APL+Win ActiveX Server** session starts with your workspace loaded!

- now right click on Web Servers and select New Server to create a new APL+Web Server a new server called defaultwebsite1 is created
- right click on this defaultwebsite1 server and select Properties the Properties dialog box gets displayed: fill its first tab as follows:

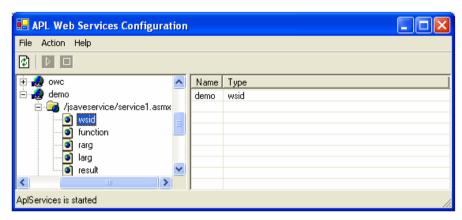


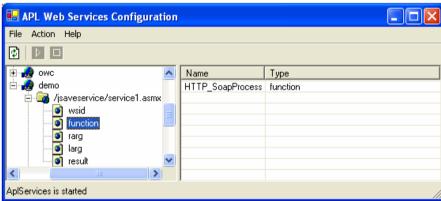
7. click the Home Directory tab and fill it as follows:

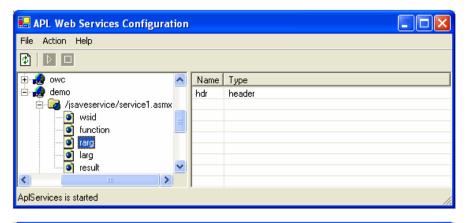


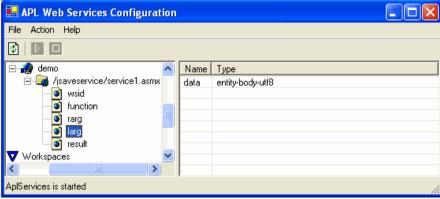


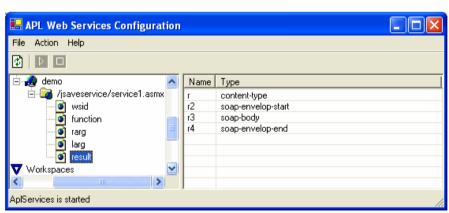
- 8. click the Apply button and then the OK button to close the dialog
- next right click on the demo Web Server and select New Virtual Directory
 a new virtual directory called /default is created (click on the + sign next to demo to see it)
- 10. right click this /default virtual directory, select Rename and rename it to: /jsaveservice/service1.asmx
 Note: this /jsaveservice/service1.asmx name is fixed and reserved for APL+Web Component
- 11. next click or right click on the items below /jsaveservice/service1.asmx and set their properties in the right hand pane to be the same as the ones displayed in the following screen shots:











12. last but not least, you need to start your new ${\bf demo}$ APL+Web Server

To do that click on the **demo** Web Server once and then click the **Start Server**toolbar button

The toolbar buttons change from 🔁 🕨 🔲 to 🔁 🕟 🔳

Note: also, be sure that the console Status Bar displays **AplServices is started**. If it's not the case click **Start/Run** and run **Services.msc** then right click **APL Services** and start them.

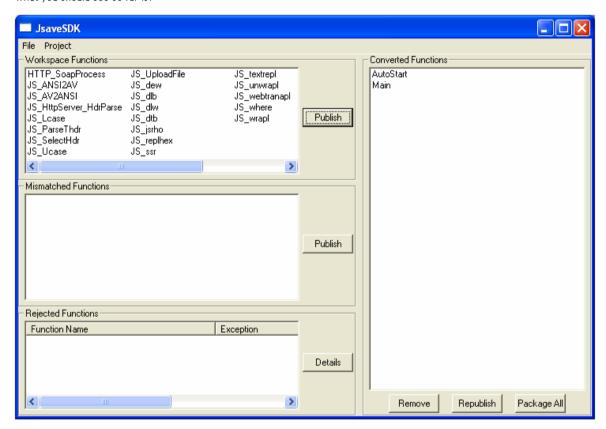
Publishing the workspace with JSaveSDK

In order for the browser to be able to display your workspace, you now need to publish the functions which represent its interface, using the **JSaveSDK** software. The process of publishing a workspace is simple: it consists of selecting the APL functions of your workspace which will run on the Client side of the application (i.e. in the browser). These APL functions are automatically translated from APL to JScript so that they can run in the browser when you run the application. This translation is "transparent" for you: you never see JScript code and in fact, you could deploy APL applications to the Web without even knowing that this translation has occurred. I just explain this for the sake of understanding JSaveSDK.

But this translation has some implications, one of which being that JScript is much slower than APL and therefore you will generally want to limit as much as possible the amount of APL code that you want to publish.

All the rest of your application code will run on the Server Side of the application. We will explain this in much more detail in the <u>APL+Web Component</u> (part 2) page. For now, just remember that almost everything related to your application Interface needs to be published. For our small application, everything will run on the Client side of the browser and therefore we will publish the only 2 functions we have written so far: **AutoStart** and **Main**.

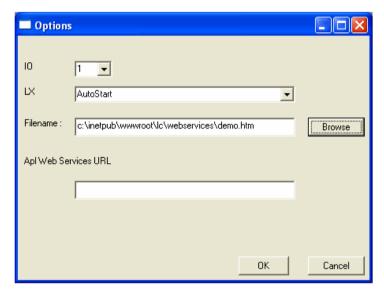
- 1. Start another APL
- Load the C:\INETPUB\WWWROOT\LC\WEBSERVICES\JSAVESDK.W3 workspace The JSAVESDK window pops up
- Click Project/Import Workspace and select your C:\INETPUB\WWWROOT\LC\WEBSERVICES\DEMO.W3 application workspace
 The functions contained in this workspace get displayed
- 4. Click on AutoStart and then Ctrl+Click on Main to select these 2 functions
- Click the Publish button What you should see so far is:



6. The Select Dialog Mode window pops up Check the Maintain SI Info check box in the following dialog then click OK



- 7. Then select File/Save and save the JSaveSDK Project as C:\INETPUB\WWWROOT\LC\WEBSERVICES\DEMO.WJS
- 8. Finally click the Package All button and fill the next dialog as follows:



Congratulations! You have successfully configured your first APL+Web Component application. Yes it is a little long and cumbersome the first time, but the good news are that you must only do this setup once for a given application and that you quickly get used to it. Also the setup process described above is the same whether for a small APL application or for a very large one.

Testing the application

It is now time to test our application.

As a good habit, it is always recommended to test it first in standard APL+Win mode. For that you should use the APL+Win ActiveX Server session where your DEMO workspace is loaded.

Check that your application is working fine in APL and correct any bug you may encounter. Then save the workspace.

The fact that your application runs fine in APL does not mean that it will necessarily run smoothly in the browser: there are many reasons for that which we explain in the <u>APL+WebComponent (part 2)</u> article. One of the reasons is that JSaveSDK is not able to translate all APL primitives, operators and constructs in JScript.

For example, when developing the Main function I had first written my buttons handler as follows:

Everything was running fine when testing in standard APL mode, but the buttons would not operate when running the application in the browser. I have had to split line 24 into 2 lines as follows to correct the problem:

```
:case'bn.onGlick'
             A Buttons handler
opi+tofi'fmMain.edOpi'owi'text'
op2+tofi'fmMain.edOp2'owi'text'
[20]
[21]
[22]
             op+f⊡wi'caption'
             :select op
[24]
[25]
             :case'+' ◇ res+opi+op2
:case'-' ◇ res+opi-op2
[26]
[27]
              :case'x' ◇ res+opi×op2
              :case'/' ◇ res+opi÷op2
[28]
              end
[29]
              'fmMain.edRes'⊡wi'text'(⊕res)
[30]
```

This is just one example of the many things which may happen when publishing your functions. The bad news are that, when something like that happens, you do not get any precise error message pointing you to the culprit line. As a matter of fact in this case, I did not get any error message at all: the buttons would just not operate.

The good news are that, with a little habit, and some time spent working with this new technology, you most often quickly guess what's going wrong. The other good news are that these little debugging occur only with the functions you are publishing on the Client side, not at all with the ones you run on the Server: these latter ones use the full APL syntax and debugging on the Server side is easy.

In any case it is best to process as follows:

- · write a few lines of code (or sometimes just one line)
- · test in standard APL mode and debug
- republish your functions
- test in the browser

If it does not run fine in the browser, and if it was working fine the previous time, you know the probleme occurs in the line (or small bunch of lines) you have added. This development method may seem slower, but in fact gets you more wuickly to a running application in the browser.

Also remember that every time you make the smallest change to one of the APL functions which you have selected to publish in JSAVESDK, you MUST **Save** the workpsace and then **Republish** with **JSAVESDK**. If you don't do so your change will not be taken in account when testing your application in the browser.

Running the APL application in the browser

We are at last ready to run our APL application in the browser.

Start an instance of Internet Explorer and enter the following URL:

http://localhost:4000/demo.htm

Here are some explanations:

- we use localhost to mean that we want to test our application on this current machine (not on a remote server)
 also remember that localhost is what we entered in Setting up the APL+Web Service step 6 above
- we specify that we call on the 4000 port
 according to the APL+Web Service Step 6 setup (see above), this Web Server port is associated with the following Home Directory:
 C:\INETPUB\WWWROOT\LC\WEBSERVICES
- then we specify the **demo.htm** page
 The Web Server associated with port 4000 therefore fetches the C:\INETPUB\WWWROOT\LC\WEBSERVICES\DEMO.HTM page and loads it
 This page is the page built by JSaveSDK when we published the application.

Conclusion

In this first article on APL+Web Component we have showed the basics which should allow you to publish a simple APL application on the Web.

However, when deploying a real life application, things gets a bit more complicated: in <u>APL+Web Component (part 2)</u> we go much deeper into this new technology through a more complex example involving:

- using the Microsoft OWC Spreadsheet object
- · running APL functions on the Server
- · deciding what to run on the Client and what on the Server
- debugging
- transfering data from the Server to the Client using XML
- · publishing your application on a Real Server

If you succeed in publishing a small APL application on the Web after reading this article, please send me an E-mail.

Also, if I have omitted anything important in my Description above and if you get stuck, please tell me: I'll then update this page.